

## § 831.1804

## 5 CFR Ch. I (1–1–13 Edition)

*Debt claim* means an agency request for recovery of a debt in a form approved by OPM.

*Debtor* means a person who owes a debt, including an employee, former employee, Member, former Member, or the survivor of one of these individuals.

*Employee* has the same meaning as in section 8331(1) of title 5, United States Code, and includes reemployed annuitants and employees of the U.S. Postal Service.

*Fraud claim* means any debt designated by the Attorney General (or designee) as involving an indication of fraud, the presentation of a false claim, or misrepresentation on the part of the debtor or any other party having an interest in the claim.

*Fund* means the Civil Service Retirement and Disability Fund established under 5 U.S.C. 8348.

*Lump-sum credit* has the same meaning as in section 8331(8) of title 5, United States Code.

*Member* has the same meaning as in section 8331(2) of title 5, United States Code.

*Net annuity* means annuity after excluding amounts required by law to be deducted. For example, Federal income tax is excluded up to the maximum amount that the individual is entitled to for all dependents. Other examples of exclusions are group health insurance premiums (including amounts deducted for Medicare) and group life insurance premiums.

*Paying agency* means the agency that employs the debtor and authorizes the disbursement of his or her current pay account.

*Refund* means the payment of a lump-sum credit to an individual who meets all requirements for payment and files application for it.

### § 831.1804 Conditions for requesting an offset.

An agency may request that money payable from the Fund be offset to recover any valid debt due the United States when all of the following conditions are met:

(a) The debtor failed to pay all of the debt on demand, or the creditor agency has collected as much as possible from payments due the debtor from the paying agency; and

(b) The creditor agency sends a debt claim to OPM (under § 831.1805(b) (1), (2), (3), or (4), as appropriate) after doing one of the following:

(1) Obtaining a court judgment for the amount of the debt;

(2) Following the procedures required by 31 U.S.C. 3716 and 4 CFR 102.4;

(3) Following the procedures required by 5 U.S.C. 5514 and § 550.1107 of this title; or

(4) Following the procedures agreed upon by the creditor agency and OPM, if it is excepted by § 831.1805(b)(4) from the completion of procedures prescribed by § 831.1805(b)(3).

### § 831.1805 Creditor agency processing for non-fraud claims.

(a) *Where to submit the debt claim, judgment or notice of debt*—(1) *Creditor agencies that are not the debtor's paying agency.* (i) If the creditor agency knows that the debtor is employed by the Federal Government, it should send the debt claim to the debtor's paying agency for collection.

(ii) If some of the debt is unpaid after the debtor separates from the paying agency, the creditor agency should send the debt claim to OPM as described in paragraph (b) of this section.

(2) *Creditor agencies that are the debtor's paying agency.* Ordinarily, debts owed the paying agency should be offset under 31 U.S.C. 3716 from any final payments (salary, accrued annual leave, etc.) due the debtor. If a balance is due after offsetting the final payments or the debt is discovered after the debtor has been paid, the paying agency may send the debt claim to OPM as described in paragraph (b) of this section.

(b) *Procedures for submitting a debt claim, judgment or notice of debt to OPM*—(1) *Debt claims for which the agency has a court judgment.* If the creditor agency has a court judgment against the debtor specifying the amount of the debt to be recovered, the agency should send the debt claim and two certified copies of the judgment to OPM.

(2) *Debt claims previously processed under 5 U.S.C. 5514.* If the creditor agency previously processed the debt claim under section 5514, it should—